Housing Choice Voucher Program H.Q.S. Inspection Checklist

Upon submission of the R.L.A. the make ready <u>must</u> be completed and the unit <u>must</u> be in move-in condition or else an inspection will not be conducted.

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HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER PROGAM OWNER'S GUIDE

THE HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS INSPECTION

The unit must pass a housing quality standards inspection. The inspection will be conducted approximately 3-5 days after receipt of the completed Request for Lease Approval. An HQS scheduler will contact the owner by phone to schedule the inspection. Please make all contact numbers available when you submit the R.L.A.

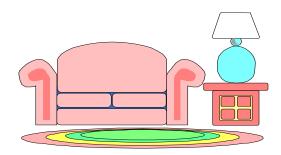
All utilities must be connected before an inspection can be conducted.

RENT REASONABLENESS

The requested rent amount must be reasonable as compared to other similar unassisted units. GHA must approve all rents requested.

ANNUAL HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS INSPECTIONS and COMPLAINT INSPECTIONS

GHA is required to inspect the unit annually. GHA may also perform a complaint inspection if it is determined that an owner is not maintaining the unit. Any deficiencies will be noted and a notice mailed indicating a repair deadline. The owner or property manager is required to repair items within 30 days or 24 hours for life threatening deficiencies. The family is responsible for any tenant caused damages beyond normal wear and tear.



HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS INSPECTION

OVERVIEW

Before GHA can make payments on behalf of a tenant family, the unit must meet HUD's minimum Housing Quality Standards (HQS). These standards have been implemented by HUD nationwide to ensure that all assisted units meet minimum health and safety standards. GHA will inspect the unit for HQS initially and at least annually.

In order to ensure that the unit meets Housing Quality Standards, review the requirements and correct any HQS violations before the inspection. At the time of the inspection, the unit should be "move-in" ready. This will prevent delays in the housing assistance payments.

Required Repairs

If the unit fails the initial inspection or annual inspection, an inspection report with the failed items indicated will be mailed. First housing assistance payments can not be made until the unit passes an inspection. Repairs for the annual inspection must be made within 30 days or 24 hours for life threatening emergencies. For annual inspections, if repairs are not made by the stated deadline, housing assistance payments will stop.

Most Common HQS Failed Items

- ✓ Non functional smoke detectors
- ✓ Missing or cracked electrical outlet cover plates
- ✓ Railings not present where required
- ✓ Peeling exterior and interior paint
- ✓ Trip hazards caused by installed floor coverings (carpets/vinyl)
- Cracked or broken window panes
- ✓ Inoperable burners on stoves or inoperable range hoods
- Missing burner control knobs
- ✓ Inoperable bathroom fan/no ventilation
- Leaking faucets or plumbing
- ✓ No temperature/pressure relief valve on water heaters
- Locking knobs on bedroom doors

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HQS CHECKLIST

The following is a listing of items inspected to meet Housing Quality Standards:

Bathroom

The bathroom must be located in a separate room and have a flush toilet.

The unit must have a fixed basin with a sink trap and hot and cold running water.

The unit must have a shower or bathtub with hot and cold running water.

The toilet facilities must utilize an approvable public or private disposal system, including a locally approvable septic system.

Kitchen

The unit must have a cooking stove or range and refrigerator of appropriate size for the unit (i.e., family) all in proper operating condition. Stoves, ovens, and ranges must have all control knobs and handles. Gas stove burners must light by pilot jets without the use of incendiary devices (i.e., matches, lighter, etc.).

The unit must have a kitchen sink in proper operating condition with a sink trap and hot and cold running water that drains into an approvable public or private wastewater system.

The unit must provide space for the storage, preparation, and serving of food.

There must be facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food waste and refuse, including temporary storage facilities where necessary (i.e., garbage containers).

Space and Security

The unit must have a minimum of a living room, kitchen area, and bathroom.

The unit must contain at least one sleeping or living/sleeping room for each two persons.

The unit's windows which are accessible from the outside, such as basement, first-floor, and fire escape windows, must be lockable (e.g., window units with sash pins or sash locks, and combination windows with latches). Vertically opening windows must stay up and open without the use of props. Windows designed to open should be operable.

Bedroom windows must be able to open and close freely.

The unit's exterior doors (i.e., those that allow access to or from the unit)

must be lockable, and compliant with current Texas Property Code requirements regarding security devices for residential tenancies.

Thermal Environment (Heating and Cooling System)

The unit must contain a safe heating system (and safe cooling system, where present) which is in proper operating condition and can provide adequate heat (and cooling, if applicable), either directly or indirectly, to each room used for living in order to assure a healthy living environment appropriate to the climate.

■ In the absence of a cooling system, secure screens must be present on all outside windows.

The unit must not contain any un-vented room heaters, which burn gas, oil, or kerosene. A working radiator would be acceptable.

Illumination and Electricity

There must be at least one window in the living room and in each sleeping room.

The kitchen area and the bathroom must have a permanent ceiling or walltype light fixture in working condition. The kitchen area must also have at least one electrical outlet in operating condition.

The living room and each bedroom must have at least two electrical outlets in operating condition. Permanently installed overhead or wall-mounted light fixtures may count as one of the required electrical outlets.

All other rooms used for living require a means of natural or artificial illumination such as a light fixture, a wall outlet to serve a lamp, a window in the room, or adequate light from an adjacent room.

Each electrical outlet must be permanently installed in the baseboard, wall, or floor.

Table or floor lamps, ceiling lamps plugged into a socket, or an extension cord plugged into another plug cannot be counted as an outlet for HQS purposes.

Electrical hazards of any kind, either inside or outside the unit would receive a fail rating.

Structure and Materials

Interior ceilings, walls, and floors must not have any serious defects such as severe bulging or leaning, large holes, loose surface materials, severe buckling, missing parts, or other serious damage.

The floors must also not have any major movement under walking stress, or tripping hazards presented by the permanent floor coverings. **Carpets must be tacked down.**

The roof must be structurally sound and weather tight.

The exterior wall structure and surfaces must not have any serious defects such as serious leaning, buckling, sagging, large holes, unfastened and falling components, or defects that would result in air infiltration or vermin infestation.

The condition and equipment of interior and exterior stairways, halls, porches, walkways, etc. must not present a danger of tripping and falling. Examples include, but are not limited to, broken or missing steps and loose boards.

Elevators must be working, safe, and compliant with locally enforced codes.

Manufactured homes must be securely anchored by tie down devices, which distribute and transfer the loads imposed by the unit to appropriate ground anchors so as to resist wind overturning and sliding.

Interior Air Quality

The unit must be free from dangerous levels of air pollution from carbon monoxide, sewer gas, fuel gas, dust, and other harmful pollutants.

The unit must have adequate air circulation.

Bathrooms must have an operable window or a permanently installed exhaust fan.

Any room used for sleeping must have at least one operable window, if the window was so designed.

Water Supply

The unit must be served by an approved public or private water supply, which is sanitary and free from contamination.

Lead-Based Paint

A dwelling unit constructed before 1978 that is occupied by a family that includes a child under the age of six years must include a visual inspection for defective paint surfaces. Defective paint surface is defined as a surface on which the paint is cracking, scaling, chipping, peeling or loose. If defective paint surfaces are found, such surfaces must be treated.

Access

The unit must have direct access for the tenant to enter and exit, without the unauthorized use of other private properties.

The building must have an alternate means of exit in case of fire (such as fire stairs or exit through windows, with the use of a ladder if windows are above the second floor).

Entry/exits must not be "blocked" by debris, stored items, non-working locks, or doors that have been nailed shut or otherwise obstructed.

Site and Neighborhood

The site and neighborhood must be reasonably free of serious conditions, which would endanger the health and safety of residents.

Infestation

The unit and its equipment must be free of serious vermin and rodent infestation.

Smoke Detectors

The unit must have at least one battery operated or hardwired smoke detector that is in proper operating condition on each level of the unit, including basements but excluding crawl spaces and unfinished attics.

Detectors must be installed in accordance with and meet the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association Standard (NFPA) 74 or its successors (currently NFPA 720).

■ If the unit is occupied by any hearing-impaired person, smoke detectors must have an alarm system designed for hearing-impaired persons as specified by NFPA 74 (or its successors).

In new construction, there must be a smoke detector in each room used for sleeping, and those must be hard-wired so that the operation of any detector will cause all other detectors to alarm.

Utilities

All utilities (water, electricity, and gas where applicable) must be on before the inspection will be scheduled.

All gas appliances must have pilots lit before an inspection will be scheduled.

Occupancy

Unit to be inspected must be either vacant or occupied by the Section 8 client applying for that unit.